

## Colonial Chemical Solutions, Inc.

### **SECTION 1 · COMPANY AND PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION**

**PRODUCT** 

Product Name: GLYCOL ETHER DE

Control Number: 00049

Product Description: Diethylene Glycol Ether

**COMPANY IDENTIFICATION** 

Supplier: COLONIAL CHEMICAL SOLUTIONS, INC.

916 West Lathrop Avenue Savannah, Georgia 31415

24 Hour Emergency Telephone: (800)-424-9300 CHEMTREC

General Information: (912) 236-1331

**SECTION 2- HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION** 

**GHS Classification:** 

[ Health ] [ Environmental ] [ Physical ]

Not a hazardous substance or mixture.

GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

Not a hazardous substance or mixture.

**Pictograms** 

Signal Word: Warning

Hazard statement(s)
H302 Harmful if swallowed.
Precautionary statement(s)

P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P301 + P312 IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician if you feel unwell.

P330 Rinse mouth.

#### **SECTION 3 · COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

CHEMICAL NAME CAS Number %WT

Di(ethylene glycol) ethyl ether 111-90-0 100

### **SECTION 4 · FIRST AID MEASURES**

#### FIRST AID PROCEDURES:

**Eye Contact:** Check for and remove any contact lenses. In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Cold water may be used. Get medical attention.

**Skin Contact:** Remove contaminated clothing. Wash with soap and water. Cover the irritated skin with an emollient. Seek medical attention if irritation develops.

**Inhalation:** If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Seek medical attention if symptoms appear.

**Ingestion:** Do NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Rinse mouth with water. Seek medical attention if symptoms appear.



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#### **SECTION 5 · FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES**

Suitable Extinguishing media: Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide.

Hazardous combustion products: Oxides of carbon and various hydrocarbons

**Fire Fighting Procedures:** As in any fire, wear a self-contained breathing apparatus in pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent), and full protective gear.

**Fire and Explosion Hazards:** Containers can build up pressure if exposed to heat and/or fire. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. Containers may explode in the heat of a fire. Vapors may form an explosive mixture with air.

#### SECTION 6 · ACCIDENTAL RELEASE and DISPOSAL MEASURES

Provide adequate ventilation. Evacuate all non-essential personnel from the spill area.

**Small Spill:** Dilute with water and mop up, or absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Finish cleaning by spreading water on the contaminated surface and dispose of according to local and regional authority requirements.

**Large Spill:** Combustible material. Keep away from heat. Keep away from sources of ignition. Stop leak if without risk. Finish cleaning by spreading water on the contaminated surface and allow to evacuate through the sanitary system. Be careful that the product is not present at a concentration level above TLV.

#### **SECTION 7 · STORAGE AND HANDLING**

**Handling:** Do not get in eyes, on skin or on clothing. Do not breathe vapors or mists. Keep container closed and tightly sealed when not in use. Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Take measures to prevent the build up of electrostatic charge. **Storage:** This material is a static accumulator. Use non-sparking tools. Store in a cool, dry, ventilated area, away from incompatible substances. Store only in approved properly labeled containers. Containers should be grounded and bonded.

#### **SECTION 8 · EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION**

**Engineering Controls:** Provide ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of vapor or mists below the applicable workplace exposure limits indicated below. The level of protection and types of controls will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions.

**Exposure Limits:** Di(ethylene glycol) ethyl ether 50 ppm ACGIH; 100 ppm OSHA

### **Personal Protective Equipment (PPE):**

**Eyes:** Wear appropriate protective eyeglasses or chemical safety goggles as described by OSHA's eye and face protection regulations in 29 CFR 1910.133.

**Skin:** If prolonged or repeated skin contact is likely, wear appropriate protective gloves.

**Clothing:** Selection of protective clothing depends on work conditions, potential exposure conditions and may include gloves, boots, suits and other protective items.

**Respirators:** Where adequate ventilation is not available an approved respirator must be worn. Respirator selection, use and maintenance should be in accordance with the requirements of OSHA Respiratory Protection Standard, 29 CFR 1920.134. In confined areas, use a self-contained breathing apparatus.

#### **SECTION 9- PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

Flash Point: 205 °F Flammability Limits: Lower: 1 Upper: 24

**Autoignition Temperature:** No available data **Relative Density:** 0.999 g/cm3 **Boiling Point:** 396 <sup>O</sup>F **Volatile %:** No available data

Melting Point/Freezing Point: No available dataEvaporation Rate: <0.02</th>Vapor Pressure: 1 mmHgpH: Not Applicable

Vapor Density (Air-1): 4.6 Solubility in Water: Soluble

Odor/Appearance: Clear colorless liquid with fruity odor.



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### **SECTION 10 · STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

**Chemical Stability:** Stable under normal use and temperature conditions.

Conditions to Avoid: Keep away from heat, flame and other potential ignition sources.

Incompatible Materials: Reactive with oxidizing agents, acids.

Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur.

#### **SECTION 11 · TOXILOGICAL INFORMATION**

### Signs and Symptoms of Overexposure:

**Skin:** Contact can cause redness, irritation and drying. Severity depends on the amount and duration of exposure.

Eyes: Vapors may be irritating to the eyes. Liquid contact will cause stinging and tearing.

Inhalation: Excessive inhalation of high concentrations may be harmful. Mist or vapor can irritate the throat and lungs.

Breathing this material may cause central nervous system depression.

Ingestion: If swallowed this material may irritate the mucous membranes of the mouth throat and esophagus. Aspiration

of this material into the lungs may result in damage or death.

# Acute oral toxicity:

LD50 rat: 10,502 mg/kg **Acute inhalation toxicity:**LC50 rat: > 200 mg/l **Acute dermal toxicity:**LD50 rabbit: 9,143 mg/kg

#### **SECTION 12 · ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

Aquatic Toxicity: Toxicity to fish LC50 - Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow) - 9,650 mg/l - 96 h

Bio-accumulative potential: No Available Data

Mobility: No Available Data

### **SECTION 13 · DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

Chemical waste generators must determine whether a discarded chemical is classified as a hazardous waste. US EPA guidelines for the classification determination are listed in 40 CFR Parts 261.3. Additionally, waste generators must consult state and local hazardous waste regulations to ensure complete and accurate classification.

#### **SECTION 14 · TRANSPORTATION**

### U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION (Road or Rail):

Proper Shipping Name: Not a DOT Regulated Material

Hazard Class UN Number: Packaging Group:



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### **SECTION 15 · REGULATORY INFORMATION**

## **US FEDERAL REGULATIONS**

Comprehensive Environmental Response and Liability Act (CERCLA)

**SARA 302:** No chemicals in this material are subject to the reporting requirements of SARA Title III, Section 302. The reportable quantity (RQ) for this material has not been established.

Toxic Substance Control Act (TSCA): All components of this product are listed on the TSCA inventory list.

Glycol Ether DE contains 2-Ethoxyethanol (CAS # 110-80-5) which is listed under TSCA Section 5A, Significant New Use Rule (SNUR). See 40 C.F.R. § 721.10001 -- 2-Ethoxyethanol, 2-ethoxyethanol acetate, 2-methoxyethanol, and 2-methoxyethanol acetate for further information.

### SARA Section 311/312 (40 CFR 370) Hazard Categories:

Acute Health Hazard, Chronic Health Hazard

### SARA Section 313 (40 CFR 372) Hazard Categories:

The following components are subject to reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313: Di(ethylene glycol) ethyl ether

Clean Water Act: This product contains no chemicals that are listed under the CWA.

Clean Air Act: This product contains no chemicals that are listed under the CAA.

**California Prop 65:** This product contains no chemicals known by the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm.

## **SECTION 16 · OTHER INFORMATION**

MSDS Revision Date: September 2014

**National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) Ratings:** This information is intended solely for the use of individuals trained in the NFPA system.

Health: 1

Flammability: 1 Reactivity: 0

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